# Sensitivity Analysis between Commodity and Budget: Utility Maximization Case 

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# Sensitivity Analysis between Commodity and Budget: Utility Maximization Case 

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#### Abstract

In this article, sensitivity analysis between commodity and total budget are discussed. The property of a commodity that enables it to satisfy human wants is called utility. In economics, utility maximization method is essential for the welfare of the organizations and society. This study deals with four commodities and two constraints, such as budget constraint, and coupon constraint. In this article, $6 \times 6$ Hessian and $6 \times 10$ Jacobian are operated for the sensitivity analysis. Throughout the paper scientific method of optimization are applied.


Keywords: Budget, Lagrange multipliers, sensitivity analysis, utility maximization

## 1. Introduction

Mathematical modeling in economics is the application of mathematics in economics to explain economic behavior of optimization (Samuelson, 1947). It plays an important role in modern economics for the development of global financial structure (Ferdous \& Mohajan, 2022). In social sciences and mathematical economics, the property of a commodity that enables to satisfy human
wants is called utility (Fishburn, 1970). In the society a rational individual wants to maximize his/her utility (Gauthier, 1975). The concept of utility was developed in the late $18^{\text {th }}$ century by the English moral philosopher, jurist, and social reformer Jeremy Bentham (1748-1832) and English philosopher, political economist, Member of Parliament (MP) and civil servant John Stuart Mill (1806-1873) (Bentham, 1780; Chisholm, 1911). According to Bentham, utility is the tendency of an object or action to increase or decrease overall happiness (Bentham, 1780). Producers always want to increase the utility among the consumers (Mohajan, 2021a). In modern economics, utility is a measure of a consumer's preferences on an alternative set of commodities or services (Coleman \& Fararo, 1992). Utility maximization policy is the best way for the sustainability of the organizations (Kirsh, 2017).

Lagrange multipliers method is a very useful and powerful practice in multivariable calculus. It has been used to facilitate the determination of necessary conditions. This method is considered as a device for transforming a constrained problem to a higher dimensional unconstrained problem (Baxley \& Moorhouse, 1984; Islam et al., 2010). In a running firm, the achievement of maximum profit is depended on efficient use of inputs, factor shares in total output, degree of returns to scale, and moreover, on utility maximization (Khatun \& Afroze, 2016). On the other hand, sensitivity analysis plays an important role to predict on future production of the commodities (Islam et al., 2010).

In this study we have tried to discuss the utility maximization policy of an organization. We have stressed on the sensitivity analysis between commodity and budget (Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022c,g). We have used both $6 \times 6$ bordered Hessian and $6 \times 10$ Jacobian to show the mathematical calculations of optimization clearly (Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022a,b).

## 2. Literature Review

The literature review is an introductory section of a scholarly research, which tries to indicate the contributions of other scholars in the same research area (Polit \& Hungler, 2013). American economists John V. Baxley and John C. Moorhouse have discussed the utility maximization subject to a budget constraint. They have also provided a mathematical formulation for nontrivial constrained optimization problem with special reference to the application in economics (Baxley \& Moorhouse, 1984). Distinguished mathematician Jamal Nazrul Islam and his coauthors have discussed utility maximization by considering reasonable interpretation of the two Lagrange multipliers (Islam et al., 2010, 2011). Jannatul Ferdous and Haradhan Kumar Mohajan have
developed a profit maximization problem. In their article they have considered three inputs, such as capital, labor, and raw materials and other inputs (Ferdous \& Mohajan, 2022). Lia Roy and her coauthors have analyzed cost minimization problem of an industry. In their study they have observed that for the sustainability of an industry, it should use the inputs efficiently, and run the industry through the green and sustainable environment (Roy et al., 2021).
F. Thomas Juster has provided a brief history of the development of utility theory. He has tried to simplify the conceptual structure at the cost of complicating the measurement problem (Juster, 1990). American mathematician Charles W. Cobb (1875-1949) and economist Paul H. Douglas (1892-1976) have derived the functional distribution of income between capital and labor in 1928 (Cobb \& Douglas, 1928). Pahlaj Moolio and his coworkers have introduced the Cobb-Douglas production function to determine the maximization of an output subject to a budget constraint (Moolio et al., 2009).

Haradhan Kumar Mohajan has considered the maximization of utility problem of consumers of Bangladesh subject to two constraints: budget constraint and coupon constraint (Mohajan, 2022). In two studies he has explored interpretation of Lagrange multiplier to predict the cost minimization policy using Cobb-Douglas production function. He tried to show the production of garments in minimum cost by using statistical analysis (Mohajan, 2021b,c). Devajit Mohajan and Haradhan Kumar Mohajan have discussed profit maximization problem, where they have used four variable inputs, such as capital, labor, principal raw materials, and other inputs to develop the mathematical structure (Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022a-i). Later, they have analyzed the sensitivity analysis among commodities, coupons, and prices (Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2023a-e).

## 3. Methodology of the Study

Research is a hard-working search, scholarly inquiry, and investigation aimed at the discovery of new facts and findings (Adams et al., 2007). Methodology is an organized and meaningful procedural works (Ojo, 2003). Therefore, research methodology is the systematic procedure adopted by researchers to solve a research problem (Kothari, 2008). Research can be classified into three main categories as: i) quantitative research, ii) qualitative research, and iii) mixed method research. Our study falls in the category of qualitative research (Creswell, 2011; Mohajan, 2018b, 2020).

During the sensitivity analysis first, we have used $6 \times 6$ bordered Hessian, and later $6 \times 10$ Jacobian (Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022e,f). Reliability and validity are two most important and fundamental features in a good research (Mohajan, 2017b,c, 2018c, 2022b). In the study we have depended on the secondary data that are collected from various research papers, books, internet, etc. (Mohajan, 2012a,b, 2013a,b, 2014, 2015a,b, 2018a; Rahman \& Mohajan, 2019)

## 4. Objective of the Study

The major objective of this article is to discuss the sensitivity analysis between commodity and total budget during the utility maximization analysis. The other minor objectives are as follows:

- to show the nature of the bordered Hessian and Jacobian in economic models,
- to interpret the results precisely and concisely, and
- to demonstrate mathematical calculations in some details.


## 5. Economic Model of Utility

Let us consider an economic world where there are only four commodities that are $A_{1}, A_{2}, A_{3}$, and $A_{4}$ (Moolio et al., 2009; Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022b). Let a consumer wants to buy only $x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3}$ , and $x_{4}$ amounts from these four commodities $A_{1}, A_{2}, A_{3}$, and $A_{4}$, respectively. The utility function on these four commodities can be written as (Roy et al., 2021; Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022b),

$$
\begin{equation*}
u\left(x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3}, x_{4}\right)=x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} . \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

The budget constraint of the consumers can be represented as,

$$
\begin{equation*}
B\left(x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3}, x_{4}\right)=p_{1} x_{1}+p_{2} x_{2}+p_{3} x_{3}+p_{4} x_{4} \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $p_{1}, p_{2}, p_{3}$, and $p_{4}$ are the prices of per unit of commodities $x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3}$, and $x_{4}$, respectively. Now the coupon constraint will be,

$$
\begin{equation*}
C\left(x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3}, x_{4}\right)=\kappa_{1} x_{1}+\kappa_{2} x_{2}+\kappa_{3} x_{3}+\kappa_{4} x_{4} \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $\kappa_{1}, \kappa_{2}, \kappa_{3}$, and $\kappa_{4}$ are the coupons necessary to purchase a unit of commodity of $x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3}$ , and $x_{4}$, respectively.

Using (1), (2), and (3) we can express Lagrangian function $L\left(x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3}, x_{4}, \eta_{1}, \eta_{2}\right)$ as (Baxley \& Moorhouse, 1984; Ferdous \& Mohajan, 2022; Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022b),

$$
\begin{align*}
L\left(x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3}, x_{4}, \eta_{1}, \eta_{2}\right)= & x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}+\eta_{1}\left(B-p_{1} x_{1}-p_{2} x_{2}-p_{3} x_{3}-p_{4} x_{4}\right) \\
& +\eta_{2}\left(C-\kappa_{1} x_{1}-\kappa_{2} x_{2}-\kappa_{3} x_{3}-\kappa_{4} x_{4}\right) \tag{4}
\end{align*}
$$

Lagrangian function (4) is a 6-dimensional unconstrained problem that maximizes utility functions; where $\eta_{1}$ and $\eta_{2}$ are two Lagrange multipliers that are used as devices of mathematical procedures. Now we consider the bordered Hessian (Mohajan, 2021a; Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022c),

$$
|H|=\left|\begin{array}{rrrrrr}
0 & 0 & -B_{1} & -B_{2} & -B_{3} & -B_{4}  \tag{5}\\
0 & 0 & -C_{1} & -C_{2} & -C_{3} & -C_{4} \\
-B_{1} & -C_{1} & L_{11} & L_{12} & L_{13} & L_{14} \\
-B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{21} & L_{22} & L_{23} & L_{24} \\
-B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{31} & L_{32} & L_{33} & L_{34} \\
-B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{41} & L_{42} & L_{43} & L_{44}
\end{array}\right| .
$$

Now taking first and second order and cross-partial derivatives in (4) we obtain (Islam et al. 2009a,b; Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022d);

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
B_{1}=p_{1}, & B_{2}=p_{2}, & B_{3}=p_{3}, & B_{4}=p_{4} . \\
C_{1}=\kappa_{1}, & C_{2}=\kappa_{2}, & C_{3}=\kappa_{3}, & C_{4}=\kappa_{4} . \tag{6}
\end{array}
$$

$L_{11}=0, \quad L_{12}=L_{21}=x_{3} x_{4}, \quad L_{13}=L_{31}=x_{2} x_{4}$,
$L_{14}=L_{41}=x_{2} x_{3}, \quad L_{22}=0, \quad L_{23}=L_{32}=x_{1} x_{4}$,
$L_{24}=L_{42}=x_{1} x_{3}, \quad L_{33}=0, \quad L_{34}=L_{43}=x_{1} x_{2}, \quad L_{44}=0$.
We use $p_{3}=p_{1}$ and $p_{4}=p_{2}$, i.e., a pair of prices are same, and $\kappa_{3}=\kappa_{1}$ and $\kappa_{4}=\kappa_{2}$, i.e., a pair of coupon numbers are same. Now we consider that in the expansion of (5) every term contains $p_{1} p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2}$, then (5) becomes (Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022e);

$$
\begin{equation*}
|H|=-2 p_{1} p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2}<0 \tag{8}
\end{equation*}
$$

For $x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3}, x_{4}, \eta_{1}$, and $\eta_{2}$ in terms of $p_{1}, p_{2}, p_{3}, p_{4}, \kappa_{1}, \kappa_{2}, \kappa_{3}, \kappa_{4}, B$, and $C$ we can calculate the sixty partial derivatives, such as $\frac{\partial \eta_{1}}{\partial p_{1}}, \frac{\partial \eta_{2}}{\partial p_{1}}, \ldots, \frac{\partial \eta_{1}}{\partial \kappa_{1}}, \frac{\partial \eta_{2}}{\partial \kappa_{1}}, \ldots, \frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial p_{1}}, \ldots$, $\frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial \kappa_{1}}, \ldots, \frac{\partial \eta_{1}}{\partial B}, \ldots, \frac{\partial \eta_{1}}{\partial C}$, etc. (Islam et al., 2010; Mohajan, 2021c). Now we consider $6 \times 6$ Hessian and Jacobian matrix (Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022a; Mohajan, 2021b);

$$
J=H=\left[\begin{array}{rrrrrr}
0 & 0 & -B_{1} & -B_{2} & -B_{3} & -B_{4}  \tag{9}\\
0 & 0 & -C_{1} & -C_{2} & -C_{3} & -C_{4} \\
-B_{1} & -C_{1} & L_{11} & L_{12} & L_{13} & L_{14} \\
-B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{21} & L_{22} & L_{23} & L_{24} \\
-B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{31} & L_{32} & L_{33} & L_{34} \\
-B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{41} & L_{42} & L_{43} & L_{44}
\end{array}\right]
$$

which is non-singular at the optimum point $\left(x_{1}^{*}, x_{2}^{*}, x_{3}^{*}, x_{4}^{*}, \eta_{1}^{*}, \eta_{2}^{*}\right)$. Since the second order conditions have been satisfied, so the determinant of (9) does not vanish at the optimum, i.e., $|J|=|H|$; and we apply the implicit-function theorem. We have total 16 variables in our study, such as $\eta_{1}, \eta_{2}$, $x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3}, x_{4} p_{1}, p_{2}, p_{3}, p_{4}, \kappa_{1}, \kappa_{2}, \kappa_{3}, \kappa_{4}, B$, and $C$. By the implicit function theorem, we can write (Moolio et al., 2009; Islam et al., 2011; Mohajan, 2021c),

$$
\left[\begin{array}{l}
\eta_{1}  \tag{10}\\
\eta_{2} \\
x_{1} \\
x_{2} \\
x_{3} \\
x_{4}
\end{array}\right]=\mathbf{G}\left(p_{1}, p_{2}, p_{3}, p_{4}, \kappa_{1}, \kappa_{2}, \kappa_{3}, \kappa_{4}, B, C\right)
$$

Now the $6 \times 10$ Jacobian matrix for $\mathbf{G}$, regarded as $J_{G}$ is given by (Mohajan et al., 2013; Mohajan, 2021a),
$J_{G}=\left[\begin{array}{llllllllll}\frac{\partial \eta_{1}}{\partial p_{1}} & \frac{\partial \eta_{1}}{\partial p_{2}} & \frac{\partial \eta_{1}}{\partial p_{3}} & \frac{\partial \eta_{1}}{\partial p_{4}} & \frac{\partial \eta_{1}}{\partial \kappa_{1}} & \frac{\partial \eta_{1}}{\partial \kappa_{2}} & \frac{\partial \eta_{1}}{\partial \kappa_{3}} & \frac{\partial \eta_{1}}{\partial \kappa_{4}} & \frac{\partial \eta_{1}}{\partial B} & \frac{\partial \eta_{1}}{\partial C} \\ \frac{\partial \eta_{2}}{\partial p_{1}} & \frac{\partial \eta_{2}}{\partial p_{2}} & \frac{\partial \eta_{2}}{\partial p_{3}} & \frac{\partial \eta_{2}}{\partial p_{4}} & \frac{\partial \eta_{2}}{\partial \kappa_{1}} & \frac{\partial \eta_{2}}{\partial \kappa_{2}} & \frac{\partial \eta_{2}}{\partial \kappa_{3}} & \frac{\partial \eta_{2}}{\partial \kappa_{4}} & \frac{\partial \eta_{2}}{\partial B} & \frac{\partial \eta_{2}}{\partial C} \\ \frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial p_{1}} & \frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial p_{2}} & \frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial p_{3}} & \frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial p_{4}} & \frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial \kappa_{1}} & \frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial \kappa_{2}} & \frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial \kappa_{3}} & \frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial \kappa_{4}} & \frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial B} & \frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial C} \\ \frac{\partial x_{2}}{\partial p_{1}} & \frac{\partial x_{2}}{\partial p_{2}} & \frac{\partial x_{2}}{\partial p_{3}} & \frac{\partial x_{2}}{\partial p_{4}} & \frac{\partial x_{2}}{\partial \kappa_{1}} & \frac{\partial x_{2}}{\partial \kappa_{2}} & \frac{\partial x_{2}}{\partial \kappa_{3}} & \frac{\partial x_{2}}{\partial \kappa_{4}} & \frac{\partial x_{2}}{\partial B} & \frac{\partial x_{2}}{\partial C} \\ \frac{\partial x_{3}}{\partial p_{1}} & \frac{\partial x_{3}}{\partial p_{2}} & \frac{\partial x_{3}}{\partial p_{3}} & \frac{\partial x_{3}}{\partial p_{4}} & \frac{\partial x_{3}}{\partial \kappa_{1}} & \frac{\partial x_{3}}{\partial \kappa_{2}} & \frac{\partial x_{3}}{\partial \kappa_{3}} & \frac{\partial x_{3}}{\partial \kappa_{4}} & \frac{\partial x_{3}}{\partial B} & \frac{\partial x_{3}}{\partial C} \\ \frac{\partial x_{4}}{\partial p_{1}} & \frac{\partial x_{4}}{\partial p_{2}} & \frac{\partial x_{4}}{\partial p_{3}} & \frac{\partial x_{4}}{\partial p_{4}} & \frac{\partial x_{4}}{\partial \kappa_{1}} & \frac{\partial x_{4}}{\partial \kappa_{2}} & \frac{\partial x_{4}}{\partial \kappa_{3}} & \frac{\partial x_{4}}{\partial \kappa_{4}} & \frac{\partial x_{4}}{\partial B} & \frac{\partial x_{4}}{\partial C}\end{array}\right]$.

$$
=-J^{-1}\left[\begin{array}{cccccccccc}
-x_{1} & -x_{2} & -x_{3} & -x_{4} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0  \tag{12}\\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -x_{1} & -x_{2} & -x_{3} & -x_{4} & 0 & 1 \\
-\eta_{1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & -\eta_{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & -\eta_{1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & -\eta_{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & -\eta_{1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & -\eta_{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & -\eta_{1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & -\eta_{2} & 0 & 0
\end{array}\right] .
$$

The inverse of Jacobian is, $J^{-1}=\frac{1}{|J|} C^{T}$, where $C=\left(C_{i j}\right)$, the matrix of cofactors of $J$, and $T$ indicates transpose, then (12) becomes (Mohajan, 2017a; Islam et al., 2009b, 2011),

$$
J_{G}=-\frac{1}{|J|} C^{T}\left[\begin{array}{cccccccccc}
-x_{1} & -x_{2} & -x_{3} & -x_{4} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0  \tag{13}\\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -x_{1} & -x_{2} & -x_{3} & -x_{4} & 0 & 1 \\
-\eta_{1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & -\eta_{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & -\eta_{1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & -\eta_{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & -\eta_{1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & -\eta_{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & -\eta_{1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & -\eta_{2} & 0 & 0
\end{array}\right] .
$$

Now $6 \times 6$ transpose matrix $C^{T}$ can be represented by,

$$
C^{T}=\left[\begin{array}{cccccc}
C_{11} & C_{21} & C_{31} & C_{41} & C_{51} & C_{61}  \tag{14}\\
C_{12} & C_{22} & C_{32} & C_{42} & C_{52} & C_{62} \\
C_{13} & C_{23} & C_{33} & C_{43} & C_{53} & C_{63} \\
C_{14} & C_{24} & C_{34} & C_{44} & C_{54} & C_{64} \\
C_{15} & C_{25} & C_{35} & C_{45} & C_{55} & C_{65} \\
C_{16} & C_{26} & C_{36} & C_{46} & C_{56} & C_{66}
\end{array}\right] .
$$

Using (14) we can write (11) as a $6 \times 10$ Jacobian matrix (Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022b);

$$
J_{G}=-\frac{1}{|J| \mid}\left[\begin{array}{lllll}
-x_{1} C_{11}-\eta_{1} C_{31} & -x_{2} C_{11}-\eta_{1} C_{41} & -x_{3} C_{11}-\eta_{1} C_{51} & -x_{4} C_{11}-\eta_{1} C_{61} & -x_{1} C_{21}-\eta_{2} C_{31} \\
-x_{1} C_{12}-\eta_{1} C_{32} & -x_{2} C_{12}-\eta_{1} C_{42} & -x_{3} C_{12}-\eta_{1} C_{52} & -x_{4} C_{12}-\eta_{1} C_{62} & -x_{1} C_{22}-\eta_{2} C_{32}  \tag{15}\\
-x_{1} C_{13}-\eta_{1} C_{33} & -x_{2} C_{13}-\eta_{1} C_{43} & -x_{3} C_{13}-\eta_{1} C_{53} & -x_{4} C_{13}-\eta_{1} C_{63} & -x_{1} C_{23}-\eta_{2} C_{33} \\
-x_{1} C_{14}-\eta_{1} C_{34} & -x_{2} C_{14}-\eta_{1} C_{44} & -x_{3} C_{14}-\eta_{1} C_{54} & -x_{4} C_{14}-\eta_{1} C_{64} & -x_{1} C_{24}-\eta_{2} C_{34} \\
-x_{1} C_{15}-\eta_{1} C_{35} & -x_{2} C_{15}-\eta_{1} C_{45} & -x_{3} C_{15}-\eta_{1} C_{55} & -x_{4} C_{15}-\eta_{1} C_{65} & -x_{1} C_{25}-\eta_{2} C_{35} \\
-x_{1} C_{16}-\eta_{1} C_{36} & -x_{2} C_{16}-\eta_{1} C_{46} & -x_{3} C_{16}-\eta_{1} C_{56} & -x_{4} C_{16}-\eta_{1} C_{66} & -x_{1} C_{26}-\eta_{2} C_{36} \\
-x_{2} C_{21}-\eta_{2} C_{41} & -x_{3} C_{21}-\eta_{2} C_{51} & -x_{4} C_{21}-\eta_{2} C_{61} & C_{11} & C_{21} \\
-x_{2} C_{22}-\eta_{2} C_{42} & -x_{3} C_{22}-\eta_{2} C_{52} & -x_{4} C_{22}-\eta_{2} C_{62} & C_{12} & C_{22} \\
-x_{2} C_{23}-\eta_{2} C_{43} & -x_{3} C_{23}-\eta_{2} C_{53} & -x_{4} C_{23}-\eta_{2} C_{63} & C_{13} & C_{23} \\
-x_{2} C_{24}-\eta_{2} C_{44} & -x_{3} C_{24}-\eta_{2} C_{54} & -x_{4} C_{24}-\eta_{2} C_{64} & C_{14} & C_{24} \\
-x_{2} C_{25}-\eta_{2} C_{45} & -x_{3} C_{25}-\eta_{2} C_{55} & -x_{4} C_{25}-\eta_{2} C_{65} & C_{15} & C_{25} \\
-x_{2} C_{26}-\eta_{2} C_{46} & -x_{3} C_{26}-\eta_{2} C_{56} & -x_{4} C_{26}-\eta_{2} C_{66} & C_{16} & C_{26}
\end{array}\right] . .
$$

Now we analyze the nature of consumption of commodity $x_{1}$ when total budget $B$ increases. Taking $T_{39}$, (i.e., term of $3^{\text {rd }}$ row and $9^{\text {th }}$ column) from both sides of (15) we get (Islam et al., 2011; Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022e),
$\frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial B}=-\frac{1}{|J|}\left[C_{13}\right]$
$=-\frac{1}{|J|}$ Cofactor of $C_{13}$
$=-\frac{1}{|J|}\left|\begin{array}{ccccc}0 & 0 & -C_{2} & -C_{3} & -C_{4} \\ -B_{1} & -C_{1} & L_{12} & L_{13} & L_{14} \\ -B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{22} & L_{23} & L_{24} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{32} & L_{33} & L_{34} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{42} & L_{43} & L_{44}\end{array}\right|$
$=-\frac{1}{|J|}\left\{\left.-C_{2}\left|\begin{array}{llll}-B_{1} & -C_{1} & L_{13} & L_{14} \\ -B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{23} & L_{24} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{33} & L_{34} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{43} & L_{44}\end{array}\right|+C_{3}\left|\begin{array}{llll}-B_{1} & -C_{1} & L_{12} & L_{14} \\ -B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{22} & L_{24} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{32} & L_{34} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{42} & L_{44}\end{array}\right| \quad-C_{4} \right\rvert\, \begin{array}{llll}-B_{1} & -C_{1} & L_{12} & L_{13} \\ -B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{22} & L_{23} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{32} & L_{33} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{42} & L_{43}\end{array}\right\}$
$=-\frac{1}{|J|}\left[-C_{2}\left\{-B_{1}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-C_{2} & L_{23} & L_{24} \\ -C_{3} & L_{33} & L_{34} \\ -C_{4} & L_{43} & L_{44}\end{array}\right|+C_{1}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-B_{2} & L_{23} & L_{24} \\ -B_{3} & L_{33} & L_{34} \\ -B_{4} & L_{43} & L_{44}\end{array}\right|+L_{13}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{24} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{34} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{44}\end{array}\right|-L_{14}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{23} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{33} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{43}\end{array}\right|\right\}\right.$
$+C_{3}\left\{-B_{1}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-C_{2} & L_{22} & L_{24} \\ -C_{3} & L_{32} & L_{34} \\ -C_{4} & L_{42} & L_{44}\end{array}\right|+C_{1}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-B_{2} & L_{22} & L_{24} \\ -B_{3} & L_{32} & L_{34} \\ -B_{4} & L_{42} & L_{44}\end{array}\right|+L_{12}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{24} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{34} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{44}\end{array}\right|-L_{14}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{22} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{32} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{42}\end{array}\right|\right\}$
$\left.-C_{4}\left\{-B_{1}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-C_{2} & L_{22} & L_{23} \\ -C_{3} & L_{32} & L_{33} \\ -C_{4} & L_{42} & L_{43}\end{array}\right|+C_{1}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-B_{2} & L_{22} & L_{23} \\ -B_{3} & L_{32} & L_{33} \\ -B_{4} & L_{42} & L_{43}\end{array}\right|+\left|\begin{array}{lll}-B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{23} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{33} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{43}\end{array}\right|-L_{13}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{22} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{32} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{42}\end{array}\right|\right\}\right]$
$=-\frac{1}{|J|}\left[\begin{array}{llllll}B_{1} C_{2}^{2} L_{34}^{2} & -B_{1} C_{2} C_{4} L_{23} L_{34} & -B_{1} C_{2} C_{3} L_{24} L_{34} & -B_{2} C_{1} C_{2} L_{34}^{2} & +B_{4} C_{1} C_{2} L_{23} L_{34} & +B_{3} C_{1} C_{2} L_{24} L_{34}\end{array}\right.$
$+B_{2} C_{2} C_{4} L_{13} L_{34} \quad-B_{4} C_{2}^{2} u_{13} u_{34} \quad-B_{3} C_{2} C_{4} L_{13} L_{24} \quad+B_{4} C_{2} C_{3} L_{13} L_{24} \quad+B_{2} C_{2} C_{3} L_{14} L_{34} \quad-B_{3} C_{2}^{2} L_{14} L_{34}$
$+B_{3} C_{2} C_{4} L_{14} L_{23} \quad-B_{4} C_{2} C_{3} L_{14} L_{23} \quad-B_{1} C_{2} C_{3} L_{24} L_{34} \quad+B_{1} C_{3}^{2} L_{24}^{2} \quad-B_{1} C_{3} C_{4} L_{23} L_{24} \quad+B_{2} C_{1} C_{3} L_{24} L_{34}$
$+B_{3} C_{1} C_{3} L_{24}^{2} \quad-B_{4} C_{1} C_{3} L_{23} L_{24} \quad-B_{2} C_{3} C_{4} L_{13} L_{34} \quad+B_{4} C_{2} C_{3} L_{13} L_{34} \quad+B_{3} C_{3} C_{4} L_{13} L_{24} \quad-B_{4} C_{3}^{2} L_{13} L_{24}$
$-B_{2} C_{3}^{2} L_{14} L_{24} \quad+B_{2} C_{3} C_{4} L_{14} L_{23} \quad+B_{2} C_{2} C_{3} L_{14} L_{24} \quad-B_{4} C_{2} C_{3} L_{14} L_{23} \quad-B_{1} C_{2} C_{4} L_{23} L_{34} \quad-B_{1} C_{3} C_{4} L_{23} L_{24}$
$+B_{1} C_{4}^{2} L_{23}^{2}+B_{2} C_{1} C_{4} L_{23} L_{34}+B_{3} C_{1} C_{4} L_{23} L_{24}-B_{4} C_{1} C_{4} L_{23}^{2}-B_{2} C_{3} C_{4} L_{12} L_{34}+B_{3} C_{2} C_{4} L_{12} L_{34}-B_{3} C_{4}^{2} L_{12} L_{23}$
$\left.+B_{4} C_{3} C_{4} L_{12} L_{23}+B_{2} C_{3} C_{4} L_{13} L_{24}-B_{2} C_{4}^{2} L_{13} L_{23}-B_{3} C_{2} C_{4} L_{13} L_{24}+B_{4} C_{2} C_{4} L_{13} L_{23}\right]$
$=-\frac{1}{|J|}\left[p_{1} \kappa_{1}^{2} x_{1}^{2} x_{2}^{2}-p_{1} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4} x_{1}^{2} x_{2} x_{4}-p_{1} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3} x_{1}^{2} x_{2} x_{3}-p_{1} \kappa_{2}^{2} x_{1}^{2} x_{2}^{2}-p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2} x_{1}^{2} x_{2} x_{4} \quad+p_{3} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2} x_{1}^{2} x_{2} x_{3}\right.$ $+p_{2} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{4}-p_{4} \kappa_{2}^{2} x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{4}-p_{3} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}+p_{2} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}+p_{2} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3} x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{3}-p_{3} \kappa_{2}^{2} x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{3}$ $+p_{3} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}-p_{4} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}-p_{1} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3} x_{1}^{2} x_{2} x_{3}+p_{1} \kappa_{3}^{2} x_{1}^{2} x_{3}^{2}-p_{1} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4} x_{1}^{2} x_{3} x_{4}+p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3} x_{1}^{2} x_{2} x_{3}$ $+p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2} x_{1}^{2} x_{3}^{2}-p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3} x_{1}^{2} x_{3} x_{4}-p_{2} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{4}+p_{2} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3} x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{4}+p_{3} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}-p_{4} \kappa_{3}^{2} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}$ $-p_{2} \kappa_{3}^{2} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3}^{2}+p_{2} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}+p_{2} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3}^{2}-p_{2} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}-p_{1} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4} x_{1}^{2} x_{2} x_{4}-p_{1} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4} x_{1}^{2} x_{3} x_{4}$ $+p_{1} \kappa_{4}^{2} x_{1}^{2} x_{4}^{2}+p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4} x_{1}^{2} x_{2} x_{4}+p_{3} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4} x_{1}^{2} x_{3} x_{4}-p_{1} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4} x_{1}^{2} x_{4}^{2}-p_{2} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}+p_{3} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}$ $\left.-p_{3} \kappa_{4}^{2} x_{1} x_{3} x_{4}^{2}+p_{4} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{3} x_{4}^{2}+p_{2} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}-p_{2} \kappa_{4}^{2} x_{1} x_{2} x_{4}^{2}-p_{2} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}+p_{4} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{4}^{2}\right]$
$\frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial B}=-\frac{1}{|J|}\left[\left(p_{1} \kappa_{1}^{2}-p_{1} \kappa_{2}^{2}\right) x_{1}^{2} x_{2}^{2}+\left(p_{1} \kappa_{3}^{2}+p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2}\right) x_{1}^{2} x_{3}^{2}+\left(p_{1} \kappa_{4}^{2}-p_{1} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4}\right) x_{1}^{2} x_{4}^{2}+\left(p_{4} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4}-p_{3} \kappa_{4}^{2}\right) x_{1} x_{3} x_{4}^{2}\right.$ $+\left(p_{3} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2}+p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3}-2 p_{1} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3}\right) x_{1}^{2} x_{2} x_{3}+\left(2 p_{2} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3}-p_{3} \kappa_{2}^{2}\right) x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{3}+\left(p_{3} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4}-2 p_{1} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4}-p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3}\right) x_{1}^{2} x_{3} x_{4}$ $+\left(p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4}-p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2}-2 p_{1} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4}\right) x_{1}^{2} x_{2} x_{4} \quad+\left(p_{2} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3}-p_{2} \kappa_{3}^{2}\right) x_{1} x_{2} x_{3}^{2} \quad+\left(p_{2} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4}-p_{4} \kappa_{2}^{2}-p_{2} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4}\right) x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{4}$ $\left.+\left(p_{3} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4}+p_{3} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4}+p_{2} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4}-p_{4} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3}-p_{4} \kappa_{3}^{2}-p_{2} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4}\right) x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}+\left(p_{4} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4}-p_{2} \kappa_{4}^{2}\right) x_{1} x_{2} x_{4}^{2}\right]$.

Using $x_{1}=x_{2}=x_{3}=x_{4}=1$ in (16) we get,
$\frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial B}=-\frac{1}{|J|}\left[\left(p_{1} \kappa_{1}^{2}+p_{1} \kappa_{3}^{2}+p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2}+p_{1} \kappa_{4}^{2}+p_{4} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4}+p_{3} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2}+p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3}+3 p_{2} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3} \quad+p_{3} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4}+p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4}\right.\right.$ $\left.+p_{3} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4}+p_{3} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4}+p_{4} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4}\right)-\left(p_{1} \kappa_{2}^{2}+p_{1} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4}+p_{3} \kappa_{4}^{2}+2 p_{1} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3}+p_{3} \kappa_{2}^{2}+2 p_{1} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4}+p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3}+p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2}\right.$ $\left.\left.+2 p_{1} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4}+p_{2} \kappa_{3}^{2}+p_{4} \kappa_{2}^{2}+p_{4} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3}+p_{4} \kappa_{3}^{2}+p_{2} \kappa_{4}^{2}\right)\right]$.
We consider, $p_{1}=p_{2}=p_{3}=p_{4}=p$, and $\kappa_{1}=\kappa_{2}=\kappa_{3}=\kappa_{4}=\kappa$, then $|J|=-2 p^{2} \kappa^{2}$; and (17) gives,

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial B}=\frac{1}{p}>0 \tag{18}
\end{equation*}
$$

Inequality (18) indicates that if the total budget of individual/community increases, the level of consumption of commodity $x_{1}$ will also increase. We believe that commodity $x_{1}$ is not an inferior good; it may be a superior good, and it has no supplementary goods (Islam et al., 2010; Mohajan, 2021b; Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022c).

We consider $p_{3}=p_{1}$ and $p_{4}=p_{2}$; and $\kappa_{3}=\kappa_{1}$, and $\kappa_{4}=\kappa_{2}$, then $|J|=|H|=-2 p_{1} p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2}$, and from (17) we get,

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial B}=\frac{2 p_{2}-p_{1}}{p_{1} p_{2}}+\frac{\left(p_{1}-p_{2}\right) \kappa_{1}}{p_{1} p_{2} \kappa_{2}}-\frac{\left(p_{1}+p_{2}\right) \kappa_{2}}{p_{1} p_{2} \kappa_{1}} \tag{19}
\end{equation*}
$$

Now let $\kappa_{1}=\kappa_{2}=\kappa$, then from (19) we get,

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{\partial x_{1}}{\partial B}=-\frac{1}{p_{2}}<0 \tag{20}
\end{equation*}
$$

Inequality (20) indicates that even if the total budget of individual/community increases, but the level of consumption of commodity $x_{1}$ can decrease. In this situation it seems that commodity $x_{1}$ is an inferior good.

Now we analyze the nature of consumption of commodity $x_{2}$ when the total budget $B$ increases. Taking $T_{49}$, (i.e., term of $4^{\text {th }}$ row and $9^{\text {th }}$ column) from both sides of (14) we get (Islam et al., 2010; Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022c,e),
$\frac{\partial x_{2}}{\partial B}=-\frac{1}{|J|}\left[C_{14}\right]$
$=-\frac{1}{|J|}$ Cofactor of $C_{14}$
$=\frac{1}{|J|}\left|\begin{array}{rrrrr}0 & 0 & -C_{1} & -C_{3} & -C_{4} \\ -B_{1} & -C_{1} & L_{11} & L_{13} & L_{14} \\ -B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{21} & L_{23} & L_{24} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{31} & L_{33} & L_{34} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{41} & L_{43} & L_{44}\end{array}\right|$
$=\frac{1}{|J|}\left\{-C_{1}\left|\begin{array}{llll}-B_{1} & -C_{1} & L_{13} & L_{14} \\ -B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{23} & L_{24} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{33} & L_{34} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{43} & L_{44}\end{array}\right|+C_{3}\left|\begin{array}{llll}-B_{1} & -C_{1} & L_{11} & L_{14} \\ -B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{21} & L_{24} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{31} & L_{34} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{41} & L_{44}\end{array}\right|-C_{4}\left|\begin{array}{llll}-B_{1} & -C_{1} & L_{11} & L_{13} \\ -B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{21} & L_{23} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{31} & L_{33} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{41} & L_{43}\end{array}\right|\right\}$
$=\frac{1}{|J|}\left[-C_{1}\left\{\left.-B_{1}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-C_{2} & L_{23} & L_{24} \\ -C_{3} & L_{33} & L_{34} \\ -C_{4} & L_{43} & L_{44}\end{array}\right|+C_{1}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-B_{2} & L_{23} & L_{24} \\ -B_{3} & L_{33} & L_{34} \\ -B_{4} & L_{43} & L_{44}\end{array}\right|+L_{13}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{24} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{34} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{44}\end{array}\right|-L_{14} \right\rvert\, \begin{array}{lll}-B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{23} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{33} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{43}\end{array}\right\}\right\}$
$+C_{3}\left\{\left.-B_{1}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-C_{2} & L_{21} & L_{24} \\ -C_{3} & L_{31} & L_{34} \\ -C_{4} & L_{41} & L_{44}\end{array}\right|+C_{1}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-B_{2} & L_{21} & L_{24} \\ -B_{3} & L_{31} & L_{34} \\ -B_{4} & L_{41} & L_{44}\end{array}\right|-L_{14} \right\rvert\, \begin{array}{lll}-B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{21} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{31} \\ -B_{4}-C_{4} & L_{41}\end{array}\right\}-C_{4}\left\{-B_{1}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-C_{2} & L_{21} & L_{23} \\ -C_{3} & L_{31} & L_{33} \\ -C_{4} & L_{41} & L_{43}\end{array}\right|\right.$
$\left.\left.+C_{1}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-B_{2} & L_{21} & L_{23} \\ -B_{3} & L_{31} & L_{33} \\ -B_{4} & L_{41} & L_{43}\end{array}\right|-L_{13}\left|\begin{array}{lll}-B_{2} & -C_{2} & L_{21} \\ -B_{3} & -C_{3} & L_{31} \\ -B_{4} & -C_{4} & L_{41}\end{array}\right|\right\}\right]$
$=\frac{1}{|J|}\left[B_{1} C_{1} C_{2} L_{34}^{2} \quad-B_{1} C_{1} C_{4} L_{23} L_{34} \quad-B_{1} C_{1} C_{3} L_{24} L_{34} \quad-B_{2} C_{1}^{2} L_{34}^{2} \quad+B_{4} C_{1}^{2} L_{23} L_{34} \quad+B_{3} C_{1}^{2} L_{23} L_{34}\right.$
$+B_{2} C_{1} C_{4} L_{13} L_{34} \quad-B_{4} C_{1} C_{2} L_{13} L_{34}-B_{3} C_{1} C_{4} L_{13} L_{24} \quad+B_{4} C_{1} C_{3} L_{13} L_{24} \quad+B_{2} C_{1} C_{3} L_{14} L_{34} \quad-B_{3} C_{1} C_{2} L_{14} L_{34}$
$+B_{3} C_{1} C_{4} L_{14} L_{23} \quad-B_{4} C_{1} C_{3} L_{14} L_{23} \quad+B_{1} C_{2} C_{3} L_{14} L_{34} \quad+B_{1} C_{3} C_{4} L_{12} L_{34} \quad+B_{1} C_{3}^{2} L_{14} L_{24} \quad-B_{1} C_{3} C_{4} L_{13} L_{24}$
$+B_{2} C_{1} C_{3} L_{14} L_{34}-B_{4} C_{1} C_{3} L_{12} L_{34}-B_{3} C_{1} C_{3} L_{14} L_{24}+B_{4} C_{1} C_{3} L_{13} L_{24}-B_{2} C_{3}^{2} L_{14}^{2}+B_{2} C_{3} C_{4} L_{13} L_{14}-B_{3} C_{2} C_{3} L_{14}^{2}$
$+B_{4} C_{2} C_{3} L_{13} L_{14} \quad-B_{3} C_{3} C_{4} L_{12} L_{14} \quad+B_{4} C_{3}^{2} L_{12} L_{14} \quad-B_{1} C_{2} C_{4} L_{13} L_{34} \quad+B_{1} C_{3} C_{4} L_{12} L_{34} \quad-B_{1} C_{3} C_{4} L_{14} L_{23}$
$+B_{1} C_{4}^{2} L_{13} L_{23} \quad+B_{2} C_{1} C_{4} L_{13} L_{34} \quad-B_{3} C_{1} C_{4} L_{12} L_{34} \quad+B_{3} C_{1} C_{4} L_{14} L_{23} \quad-B_{4} C_{1} C_{4} L_{13} L_{23} \quad+B_{2} C_{3} C_{4} L_{13} L_{14}$
$\left.-B_{2} C_{4}^{2} L_{13}^{2}-B_{3} C_{2} C_{4} L_{13} L_{14}+B_{4} C_{2} C_{4} L_{13}^{2}+B_{3} C_{4}^{2} L_{12} L_{13}-B_{4} C_{3} C_{4} L_{12} L_{13}\right]$
$=\frac{1}{|J|}\left[p_{1} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2} x_{1}^{2} x_{2}^{2}-p_{1} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4} x_{1}^{2} x_{2} x_{4} \quad-p_{1} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3} x_{1}^{2} x_{2} x_{3} \quad-p_{1} \kappa_{1}^{2} x_{1}^{2} x_{2}^{2} \quad+p_{4} \kappa_{1}^{2} x_{1}^{2} x_{2} x_{4} \quad+p_{3} \kappa_{1}^{2} x_{1}^{2} x_{2} x_{4}\right.$
$+p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{4}-p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2} x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{4}-p_{3} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}+p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}+p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3} x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{3}-p_{3} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2} x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{3}$
$+p_{3} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}-p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}+p_{1} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3} x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{3}+p_{1} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}+p_{1} \kappa_{3}^{2} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3}^{2}-p_{1} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}$
$+p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3} x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{3}-p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}-p_{3} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3}^{2}-p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}-p_{2} \kappa_{3}^{2} x_{2}^{2} x_{3}^{2}+p_{2} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4} x_{2}^{2} x_{3} x_{4}$
$-p_{3} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3} x_{2}^{2} x_{3} x_{4}+p_{3} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3} x_{2}^{2} x_{3}^{2}-p_{3} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4} x_{2} x_{3}^{2} x_{4}+p_{4} \kappa_{3}^{2} x_{2} x_{3}^{2} x_{4}-p_{1} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{4}+p_{1} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}$
$-p_{1} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}+p_{1} \kappa_{4}^{2} x_{1} x_{2} x_{4}^{2}+p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{4}-p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}+p_{3} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}-p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{4}^{2}$
$\left.+p_{2} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4} x_{2}^{2} x_{3} x_{4}-p_{2} \kappa_{4}^{2} x_{2}^{2} x_{4}^{2}-p_{3} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4} x_{2}^{2} x_{3} x_{4}+p_{4} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4} x_{2}^{2} x_{4}^{2}\right]$
$=\frac{1}{|J|}\left[\left(p_{1} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2}-p_{1} \kappa_{1}^{2}\right) x_{1}^{2} x_{2}^{2}+\left(p_{3} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3}-p_{2} \kappa_{3}^{2}\right) x_{2}^{2} x_{3}^{2}+\left(p_{4} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4}-p_{2} \kappa_{4}^{2}\right) x_{2}^{2} x_{4}^{2}+\left(p_{4} \kappa_{1}^{2}-p_{1} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3}\right) x_{1}^{2} x_{2} x_{3}\right.$
$+\left(2 p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4}+p_{3} \kappa_{1}^{2}-p_{1} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4}-p_{1} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4}-p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2}\right) x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{4}+\left(2 p_{2} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4}-p_{3} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3}-p_{3} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{4}\right) x_{2}^{2} x_{3} x_{4}$
$+\left(2 p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3}+p_{1} \kappa_{2} \kappa_{3}-p_{3} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2}\right) x_{1} x_{2}^{2} x_{3}+\left(p_{4} \kappa_{3}^{2}-p_{3} \kappa_{3} \kappa_{4}\right) x_{2} x_{3}^{2} x_{4}+\left(p_{3} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4}-2 p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3}-p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4}\right) x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4}$
$\left.+\left(p_{1} \kappa_{3}^{2}-p_{3} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{3}\right) x_{1} x_{2} x_{3}^{2}+\left(p_{1} \kappa_{4}^{2}-p_{4} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{4}\right) x_{1} x_{2} x_{4}^{2}\right]$.
Now we use $p_{3}=p_{1}$ and $p_{4}=p_{2}$ where pair of prices are same, and $\kappa_{3}=\kappa_{1}$ and $\kappa_{4}=\kappa_{2}$, i.e., two types of coupon numbers are same. We put $x_{1}=x_{2}=x_{3}=x_{4}=1$ then (21) becomes (Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022b,e),

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{\partial x_{2}}{\partial B}=\frac{1}{|J|}\left(p_{2} \kappa_{1} \kappa_{2}+p_{2} \kappa_{1}^{2}-p_{1} \kappa_{1}^{2}-p_{1} \kappa_{2}^{2}\right) . \tag{22}
\end{equation*}
$$

Now we use, $\kappa_{1}=\kappa_{2}=\kappa$, and $|J|=-2 p_{1} p_{2} \kappa^{2}$ in (22), and then we get,

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{\partial x_{2}}{\partial B}=\frac{p_{1}-p_{2}}{p_{1} p_{2}} \tag{23}
\end{equation*}
$$

Now if $p_{1}>p_{2}$ in (23) we get,

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{\partial x_{2}}{\partial B}>0 \tag{24}
\end{equation*}
$$

Inequality (24) indicates that if the total budget of individual/community increases, the level of consumption of commodity $x_{2}$ will also increase. Therefore, commodity $x_{2}$ is not an inferior good; it may be a superior good, and it has no supplementary goods (Islam et al., 2010; Mohajan, 2021b; Mohajan \& Mohajan, 2022d).

Now if $p_{2}>p_{1}$ in (23) we get,

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{\partial x_{2}}{\partial B}<0 \tag{25}
\end{equation*}
$$

Inequality (25) indicates that even if the total budget of individual/community increases, but the level of consumption of commodity $x_{2}$ can decrease. Consequently, commodity $x_{2}$ is an inferior good.
From this study we have realized that $\frac{\partial x_{2}}{\partial B} \neq 0$, so that, from (23) we see that $p_{1} \neq p_{2}$, i.e., the price of two commodities $x_{1}$ and $x_{2}$ never be equal.

## 6. Conclusions

In this study we have taken attempts to discuss utility maximization with detail mathematical calculations. We have used two constraints: budget constraint and coupon constraint to perform the research efficiently. We have discussed the sensitivity analysis and also have tried to find relationships between commodity and total budget. We have used four commodity variables to operate the mathematical formulation efficiently. Throughout the study, we have applied the technique of Lagrange multipliers to investigate the optimization problems. In this study we have tried to show mathematical calculations in some details.

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