

Macro Models: un APP for Macroeconomic Models. User Manual 1.0

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MACRO MODELS

UN APP FOR MACROECONOMIC MODELS

User Manual

Version 1.0

Very Preliminary Version

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The Income-Expenditure Model

1. Introduction

This paper is simply a user manual of un APP that simulates the widely used Macroeconomic Models.

2. Income Expenditure Model

1. Legenda

<u>Input</u>

Ē	Autonomous (exogenous) Consumption
I ₀	Net Investment
NX	Net Export
С	Marginal propensity to consume

G	Government Spending
TR	Net Government Transfers
t	Income tax rate

<u>Output</u>

NMP	Net Marginal Propensity to consume
Multiplier	Keynesian Multiplier
Eq. Income	Equilibrium Income
Eq. Consumption	Equilibrium Consumption
Balance	Government Surplus
Δ Income	Income Variation

<u>Graph</u>

EAD	Autonomous Aggregate Demand
Υ	Income
tY	income tax
С	Consumption
1	Investment
D	Government Surplus
В	Government Debt

a. The Model

Y is the Income. The Aggregate Demand is given by

 $[1.] \qquad AD = G + NX + I + C$

Where

 $[2.] \qquad G = \overline{G}$

$$[3.] \qquad NX = \overline{NX}$$

[4.]
$$I = I_0$$

The direct Tax Revenue is equal to

$$[5.] \quad TA = tY$$

where *t* is the income tax rate

TR is the Government Transfers

$$[6.] TR = \overline{TR}$$

The Disposable Income is defined as

$$[7.] YD = Y + TR - TA$$

$$[8.] YD = Y + TR - tY$$

[9.] YD = (1 - t)Y + TR

The consumption function depends on Disposable Income (YD)

$$[10.] \quad C = \bar{C} + cYD$$

[11.]
$$C = \overline{C} + c((1-t)Y + TR)$$

- [12.] AD = C + I + NX + G + TR
- [13.] $AD = \overline{C} + c((1-t)Y + TR) + I_0 + G + NX$
- [14.] $AD = \overline{C} + c((1-t)Y_t + TR) + I_0 + G + NX$
- [15.] $AD = \overline{C} + cTR + I_0 + G + NX + c(1-t)Y$

[16.] Y = AD

a. Results

Equilibrium Income

[17.]
$$Y_E = \frac{1}{1-c(1-t)} (\overline{C} + cTR + I_0 + G + NX)$$

[18.] $\overline{AD} = \overline{C} + cTR + G + NX + I_0$

Multipliers

Expenditure's multiplier

[19.] $\frac{dY}{d\bar{C}} = \frac{dY}{dI_0} = \frac{dY}{dNX} = \frac{dY}{dG} = \frac{1}{1 - c(1 - t)}$

Transfer's multiplier

$$[20.] \quad \frac{dY}{dTR} = \frac{c}{1 - c(1 - t)}$$

Tax multiplier

$$[21.] \qquad \frac{dY}{dt} = \frac{-c}{\left(1 - c(1 - t)\right)^2}$$

Balance Surplus (BS) is equal to

- $[22.] \quad BS = TA G TR$
- $[23.] \quad BS = tY G TR$

[24.]
$$BS = t \frac{1}{1-c(1-t)} (G + cTR + I_0 + NX + C) - G - TR$$

3. References

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Samuelson P. (1939) Interaction between the Multiplier Analysis and the Principle of Acceleration The Review of Economic and Statistics, Vol 21. No. 2 pp 75-78

4. APPENDIX

Results Table 1.1

Net Marginal Propensity	c(1-t)
Multiplier	1
	$\overline{1-c(1-t)}$
Equilibrium Income	$Y_E = \frac{1}{1 - c(1 - t)} (\bar{C} + cTR + I_0 + G + NX)$
Consumption	$\bar{C} + c \left((1 - t)Y_E + TR \right)$
Balance Surplus	$BS = tY_E - G - TR$